



## Wheelchair Basketball Canada 2014-15 Annual Officials Exam

In order to be considered for post-season assignments, you must complete and pass the 2014-15 exam by **February 1, 2015**.

These documents were used as a basis for the questions which follow:

- IWBF Rules – October 1, 2014
- FIBA Interpretations – October 1, 2014

### QUESTIONS

1. A1, who is dribbling in the back court, passes the ball to A2 who is straddling the centre line. The ball is not controlled by A2 and deflects into the backcourt where A1 regains control of the ball. Should play be allowed to continue?
2. During rebounding action, A1 verbally insults B1 and B1 reacts by punching A1 with his fist. Is this a double foul?
3. Must a player who stops his wheelchair in a legal guarding position in the path of a moving opponent with the ball give the opponent time and distance to stop or change direction?
4. Player B1 receives his second technical foul after being warned for delaying tactics. Shall B1 be disqualified for his second technical?
5. Team B requests a time out with 34 seconds remaining in the last quarter. This is the third timeout requested in the last two minutes of the game. The official grants that request. Is that correct?
6. The referee stops the game at an appropriate time to allow the team to repair an unsafe wheelchair. If the repair cannot be completed in 50 seconds or less from the time the game was stopped the player must be substituted. Is this procedure correct?
7. A4 has remained in the opponent's restricted area for two seconds, receives a pass and then begins to move towards the basket in order to make a shot. This takes another two seconds to complete. The official calls a three second violation. Is this correct?
8. Is non-coloured transparent taping of arms, shoulders, legs, etc. of players permitted in a wheelchair basketball game?
9. If the ball is live when an injury occurs, the official shall not blow his whistle until the team in control of the ball has shot for a field goal, lost control of the ball, withheld the ball from play or the ball has become dead. If it is necessary to protect an injured player, the officials may stop the game immediately. Is this the correct procedure?

10. With 1:30 left in the game, the ball is in the hands of offensive player A5 for a throw in when an opponent makes significant contact with A3. The official calls a pushing foul on the defensive player. Was the official correct?
11. Team B is entitled to a throw-in under the alternating possession rule. The official erroneously awards the throw-in to Team A. The official discovers his error after the ball becomes alive and stops the play to correct the situation. Is the official correct with this procedure?
12. In an attempt to block A4's shot from the 3 point area, B2 lifts both rear wheels off the floor while both hands are removed from the rear wheels. Is this a legal action?
13. A1 attempts a field goal while tilting away from B5 such that his right wheel and right castor lose contact with the floor. The official allows play to continue. Was this a legal play?
14. A5 is in the act of shooting when B5 claps and yells loudly. A5 misses his shot. This is the first time Team B has committed this action. The official immediately stops the play and warns the player, his team and coach. Is this the correct procedure?
15. A4 has control of the ball in the front court. B3 knocks the ball away from A4 and it bounces on the division line. A5 who is fully in the front court reaches for the ball and begins dribbling it on the division line. The official rules this to be a back over violation. Is the official correct?
16. Team A is in control of the ball in their frontcourt when the ball is simultaneously touched by A1 and B1, and then goes into Team A's backcourt, where the ball is first touched by A2. Is this a legal play?
17. A4, with both hands removed from the rear wheels, contacts a defender and raises both rear wheels off the floor in attempting a try for a goal. Shall a foul be assessed to A4 for lifting?
18. A5 is moving toward the basket when incidental contact with B1 occurs at the top of the restricted area. To free himself from B1, he jumps his wheelchair laterally and all parts of his wheelchair come off the floor for a brief moment. Shall A5 be charged with a technical foul for lifting?
19. While retrieving a ball in front of his wheelchair A3 raises his buttock's so that both cheeks are no longer in contact with the seating platform. The official calls a technical foul on A3 for lifting. Is this correct?
20. The ball is in the hands of A4 as he is prepared to make a throw-in with 2:45 left in the extra period. Defensive player B2 contacts A3 as he moves around the restricted area. The official calls an unsportsmanlike foul on B2. Is this correct?
21. When a player is disqualified for a flagrant unsportsmanlike non-contact action, the penalty is the same as for a contact disqualifying foul. Is this correct?

22. Team A is in control of the ball in their backcourt. The ball touches an official who has part of his body in the frontcourt and the ball returns to the backcourt. Does the eight second count continue?

23. The official calls a travelling violation on A3. Player A3 gets frustrated and verbally insults the official and is disqualified. Should the penalty be 2 free throws and possession of the ball at center for Team B?

24. B1 commits an unsportsmanlike foul against A1 on a successful field goal. A1 then commits a technical foul. The official counts the basket and reports the fouls which are off setting and resumes the game with a throw-in at the end line as after any successful field goal. Is this process correct?

25. A substitution shall not be permitted to the scoring team when the game clock is stopped following a successful field goal when the game clock shows 2:00 minutes or less in the fourth period and in each extra period unless an official has interrupted the game. Is this the correct procedure?

26. An offensive player is not allowed to enter the restricted area during an out of bounds situation until the ball is at the disposal of a player for the throw-in. Is the infraction a violation on the offensive team?

27. The eight (8) second period will continue with any time remaining when the team that previously had control of the ball deliberately throws or taps the ball onto an opponent in the front court causing it to return to the back court. Is this a correct ruling?

28. The definition of lifting is the act of raising the player's buttocks so that both cheeks are no longer in contact with the seating platform of the wheelchair to gain an unfair advantage. The penalty is a technical foul charged to the offender who lifts on a rebound. Two free throws shall be awarded to the opponents, followed by a throw-in at the center line extended, opposite the scorer's table. Is this procedure correct?

29. If the lifting is a result of the attempt to block a shot on a player in the act of shooting in the three point area, a technical foul shall be charged against the offender. The player in the act of shooting shall be awarded three free-throw(s) if the shot was not successful followed by a throw-in at the center line. Is this the correct procedure?

30. During a time-out, coach B requests that A5's chair be checked. If the referee determines that the chair is legal the coach requesting the chair check shall be assessed a technical foul (C). Is this correct?

PLEASE USE THE ANSWER SHEET TO RECORD YOUR ANSWERS AND THEN SEND IT TO:  
[tkerr@wheelchairbasketball.ca](mailto:tkerr@wheelchairbasketball.ca)

ANSWER SHEET FOR WHEELCHAIR BASKETBALL CANADA  
2014-15 OFFICIAL NATIONAL EXAMINATION

#	Y or N	#	Y or N	#	Y or N	#	Y or N	#	Y or N	#	Y or N
1		6		11		16		21		26	
2		7		12		17		22		27	
3		8		13		18		23		28	
4		9		14		19		24		29	
5		10		15		20		25		30	

AFTER RECORDING YOUR ANSWERS SEND THIS SHEET TO: [tkerr@wheelchairbasketball.ca](mailto:tkerr@wheelchairbasketball.ca)